FEBRUARY 9, 1776. THE NUMBER 54.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

ALWAYS FOR LIBERTY, AND THE PUBLICK GOOD.

ALEXANDER PURDIE, PRINTER.

THIS BOOK BELONGS To the

THE printer of this Gazette would with much pleasure have furnished the many gentlemen, that lately applied for it, were it not impossible for him to procure the quantity of paper necessary for such large demands unless half the subscription money is paid down, to send to Philadelphia for that scarce and expensive article. He takes this oportunity of returning his sincere thanks to those *few good customers* that have already paid him, and expects that such as now owe for their newspapers will contrive the subscription money as soon as possible, it being out of his power to continue serving those who are not punctual. He is very sensible that numbers of his present customers, as well as many of those who lately applied for his Gazette, would gladly comply with his request, had they opportunities; to remedy which inconvenience, he has got the favour of the following gentlemen to receive and collect for him, not only in the counties here mentioned, but in all others which may be found convenient to them.

For *Princess Anne*, mr. *William White*, merchant at *Kemp's* landing. For *Elizabeth City*, mr. *Miles King*, merchant. For *York* and *Warwick* counties, mr. *Richard Brown*, merchant. For *Nansemond*, mr. *Thomas Langston*. For *Isle of Wight*, capt. *Thomas Pierce*. For *New Kent*, mr. *David Lewis*, merchant. For *King & Queen*, mr. *Adam Bennett*. For *King William*, mr. *William Fraser*. For *Hanover*, mr. *Francis Tait*, postmaster at *Newcastle*. For *Caroline* and *Essex*, *Edmund Pendleton*, jun. esq; attorney at law. For *Spotsylvania*, mr. *James Taylor*, postmaster at *Fredericksburg*. For *Culpeper*, mr. *French Strother*, sheriff of that county. For *Fauquier*, mr. *Thomas Keith*. For *Augusta*, mr. *John Christian*, sheriff of that county. For *Botetourt*, *Bedford*, *Fincastle*, and *Pittsylvania*, *Harry Innis*, esq; attorney at law. For *Amherst*, mr. *Gabriel Penn*. For *Albemarle*, *Philip Mazzei*, esq. For *Henrico*, *Chesterfield*, *Goochland*, and *Cumberland*, mr. *William White*, postmaster at *Richmond*. For *Dinwiddie* and *Prince George*, mr. *Samuel Davis*, postmaster in *Petersburg*. For *Surry*, mr. *Francis Moreland*, postmaster at *Cabin Point*. For *Gloucester* and *Middlesex*, mr. *Thomas Harwood*, postmaster at *Urbanna*. For *Northumberland*, mr. *John Beale*. For *Richmond* and *Westmoreland*, mr. *James Davenport*, clerk of the latter county. For *Sussex*, *Brunswick*, *Lunenburg*, *Southampton*, and *Mecklenburg*, *Littleberry Mason*, esq; attorney at law. For *Charles City*, mr. *John Gregory*, sheriff of that county. And for *North Carolina*, mr. *John Thompson*, merchant in *Halifax*; except the gentlemen in and about *Edenton*, who will please to pay their subscriptions, *&c.* to mr. *Robert Smith*, postmaster at that place.

IN CONVENTION, Saturday, *Jan.* 13.

MR. MERCER, from the committee appointed to inquire into the conduct of John Goodrich, William Goodrich, and John Goodrich, jun. relating to the importation of powder, and other articles for the use of this colony, reported, that the committee had accordingly inquired into the same; and that it appeared to them, that the linens imported into this colony on board the schooner Fanny were on the joint account of the said John Goodrich, John Goodrich, jun. and Bartlet Goodrich; that it farther appeared, from the information of the said John Goodrich, jun. and an invoice of the said cargo produced by him, that the said Bartlet, when at Antigua, about the first of October last, purchased British goods, consisting of checks, cotton, ginghams, striped holland, jeans, Scotch thread, printed linens, Irish linens, white lead, and linseed oil, to the amount of 2911*l.* 17*s.* 10*d.* sterling, imported there from Liverpool by a return ship from the coast of Guinea, of which the said Bartlet was fully appriſed; that the said Bartlet carried them to St. Eustatia, had them reviewed and repacked in rum puncheons, and sent into Potowmack river in this colony, addressed to John Goodrich and company, where the said John Goodrich, jun. took them into his possession, and offered them for sale, knowing them to be of British manufacture; that there farther appeared to be several erasures in the invoice of the said goods, intended to conceal the place from whence they were originally imported, particularly the words Liverpool and Antigua, which are yet legible, the latter having been altered and St. Eustatia inserted, the words Scotch and Irish erased, and the word Dutch inserted; that the said John Goodrich alledged, to justify this importation, that his brother Bartlet being anxious to supply his brother William Goodrich with powder for the use of this colony, and meeting with about 1500 wt. on board the Liverpool ship, offered to purchase it, but the captain refused to sell it, unless he would take the aforesaid British goods, which the said Bartlet thought it better to purchase than to lose so much powder for the use of this colony; that, from the testimony of Robert Connoway, master of the said vessel, it appears he received the goods aforesaid, together with the powder, on board his vessel, when at St. Eustatia, and delivered the powder to William Goodrich, and was then informed by the said Bartlet Goodrich, that he was obliged to purchase the said goods, or go without the powder, which cost 3*s.* and 2*s.* 9*d.* per pound, at Antigua; that it farther appeared, that the afore-named John Goodrich was employed, in the month of July last, to purchase and import powder for the use of this colony, and for that purpose was intrusted with bills of exchange to the amount of 5000*l.* sterling; that he sent his son William to the West Indies for the same, and imported into North Carolina, some time in the month of October last, about 4000 wt. which being discovered by lord Dunmore, he caused the said William to be seized and detained in custody till some time in December last, when it appears, that, being greatly intimidated, he was prevailed on by lord Dunmore to make a discovery of the whole transaction, and the agent who assisted him in the West Indies in this business, whereupon lord Dunmore sent an armed vessel, with the said William Goodrich as a witness, to demand the value of the powder imported, and the money remaining in the said agent's hands; that it farther appeared, the said William Goodrich is lately returned to Norfolk, and was discharged by lord Dunmore, but upon his hearing that the said William intended to Williamsburg, he was again seized, and is still detained in custody; that they cannot obtain any certain information of what passed between him and the agent in the West Indies, but are informed by the said John Goodrich, and John Goodrich, jun. that the said William brought neither powder nor money; that the said William Goodrich, by an account lodged in the treasury office, upon oath, hath charged 4*s.* 6*d.* West India currency for the powder purchased at St. Eustatia; that the said John Goodrich, jun. accounted for this by saying, that Bartlet Goodrich purchased the said powder for his own use, and afterwards sold it to William Goodrich at 4*s.* 6*d.* per pound; and had come to the following resolution thereupon, which he read in his place, and afterwards delivered in at the clerk's table, where the same was again twice read, and agreed to.

Resolved, that the said Bartlet Goodrich, and John Goodrich, jun. have manifestly violated the first article of the continental association in the importation of the said British goods, and that the same ought to be forfeited to the use of this colony.

Ordered, that the foregoing report, and resolution, be published in the Virginia Gazette, and that all persons be warned to have no farther dealings with the said Bartlet, and John Goodrich, jun.

EDMUND PENDLETON, president.

(a copy)

John Tazewell, clerk of the Convention.

LONDON, *October* 28.

AN account of what passed yesterday on his majesty's going to the House of Peers. Mr. Sayre's commitment to the Tower having raised the curiosity of the publick to an extravagant pitch, the streets of Westminster were crowded by 11 in the morning. On Tuesday a handbill, signed *A poor mechanick*, was distributed in great numbers, which produced an answer on the following day, intimating that the magistrates had provided effectual means to apprehend, and bring to justice, all persons attempting to violate the laws; 50,000 of these last papers were distributed. Sir John Fielding's advertisement combined with the above circumstances to make people imagine something very extraordinary was to happen. The Middlesex justices attended at the house of the Guildhall, Westminster, at an early hour, and about 50 of their constables were stationed in the court room. Another large body of constables placed them-

ſelves at the door of the Swan tavern, Weſtminſter bridge. At a quarter before 1 o'clock, a body of about 40 conſtables paſſed through the park to the palace; and by this time, the number of people, in the park only, could not be leſs than 25,000, but their looks ſpoke peace and good humour, nothing like treaſon, or miſpriſion of treaſon. His majeſty left the palace about 2, and the proceſſion was in the following order: Two horſe-grenadiers, with ſwords drawn, to clear the way; three ſtate coaches and ſix, filled with noblemen and gentlemen in waiting; a body of horſe-guards; trumpets; a body of yeomen of the guards; 14 of his majeſty's footmen, two and two; his majeſty's coach drawn by eight cream-coloured horſes, with footmen on each ſide; a party of horſe-guards, followed by the conſtables, almoſt under the heels of the horſes. All was quiet in the park, ſave a few *faint hiſſes*, and a few *ſtill fainter huzzas*. At the door of the parliament houſe, a little hiſſing. When the king arrived, the guns at Stangate were fired, and again on his leaving the Houſe; and during the period of his being there, two of the horſe-guards paraded Parliament ſtreet, to ſee that all was quiet. His majeſty was in the Houſe juſt 20 minutes, and he returned as peceably as he went. The whole number of people aſſembled on this occaſion was eſtimated at 60,000.

If his majeſty had been taken into cuſtody yeſterday, it muſt have been by the ladies; for there were five women to three men, the park through.

Lord Mansfield was applied to for a habeas corpus to bring mr. Sayre before him, which his lordſhip has granted, and that gentleman is to attend to-morrow.

Richardſon, the accuſer's father, is chairman of the ſelect committee at Philadelphia, a man of good character, and has the greateſt eſteem for mr. Sayre.

A correſpondent wonders that ſo many think mr. Sayre cannot be convicted of high treaſon. They ſay no overt act can be proved in ſupport of adjutant Richardſon's evidence. It is true the adjutant alone proves the deſign of ſeizing the king, taking poſſeſſion of the Tower and the city of London. Thank God, ſays our correſpondent, the patriot has not ſeized the king; but is it not eaſy to prove, continued he, that mr. Sayre is in poſſeſſion of the Tower? Therefore the miniſtry may hang, draw, and quarter him, whenever they pleaſe.

This morning Stephen Sayre, eſq; by virtue of a habeas corpus granted by lord Mansfield, was brought from the Tower to his lordſhip's houſe in Bloomſbury ſquare; when his caſe being argued by his counſel, &c. he was admitted to bail. He was accompanied to lord Mansfield's by the lord mayor, alderman Lee, and ſeveral other gentlemen. Mrs. Sayre was alſo preſent.

Extract of a letter from Corke, *October* 19.

"This day ſailed from hence ſeven tranſports with troops, bound for Quebeck; but as the wind was very violent the night following, it is ſuppoſed they muſt put back."

NEWBURY-PORT, *Jan.* 12.

BY capt. Meeds, who left Poole, in England, the 6th of November, we learn that adminiſtration were determined to purſue vigorous meaſures againſt the Americans, but that the majority were daily leaving them; that the noble duke of Grafton, and lord Littleton, had already left them, and were determined to oppoſe all their meaſures againſt the brave Americans, even if they were reduced to beggary by their oppoſition. He likewiſe informs, that a number of tranſports had ſailed, laden with ſtores, for Boſton; that one lay in the river near him with a number of hogs on board, out of which he ſaw 28 hove over-board, which had died in one night, on account of their being crowded too cloſe in the veſſel; that immediately after the tranſports had ſailed there was as hard a gale of wind as was almoſt ever known, which diſmaſted ſome, but what other damage they ſuſtained we have not yet learned, though ſoon after vaſt numbers of hogs were ſeen floating in the river.

Capt. Meeds was likewiſe at the meeting of merchants at the King's Arms tavern, in London, where the meeting conſiſted of between 7 or 800, unanimous, to a man, in favour of the Americans. They petitioned his majeſty to have matters ſettled with America, and ſet forth in their petition, that deſtruction muſt be brought on the land if the war was carried on. It was ſigned by 1102 gentlemen, and his majeſty was pleaſed to receive it very GRACIOUSLY. Capt. Meeds alſo informs that our friends increaſe daily, that we ſhall be no longer termed *rebels*, and that it was dangerous to ſpeak a word in the coffee-houſes againſt the Americans.

HARTFORD, *Jan.* 22.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Albany, *to one in this place, dated Jan.* 15, 1776.

LAST Friday came an expreſs to this city, with the news that ſir John Johnſon (ſon of the late ſir William) with about 500 men, and a few Indians (Mohawks) were aſſembling in hoſtile poſture, &c. The county committee convened immediately, and ordered the minute-men in Albany, Schenectady, Schoharry, Half-Moon, &c. to march to Johnſtown, with four days proviſion, an axe to every ſixth man, &c. who are now gone, and going; but I rather gueſs will prove a falſe alarm, in part, or at leaſt leſs alarming than at firſt received.

"P. S. Monday evening, Jan. 15th. To-morrow morning, very early, general Schuyler, with the multitudes come in from Berkſhire, and all around (except thoſe gone forward to Schenactady, and ſome ſent home to prepare for the tour of Canada) will ſet off for Johnſtown. This city is in the greateſt confuſion; every countenance is changed; Whigs depreſſed and melancholy, and immediately animated and revengeful, or rather ſpirited for a noble and vigorous effort in the cauſe of liberty, whilſt the Tories prick up their ears. One of them, for publickly rejoicing at general Montgomery's untimely fall, is cloſeted in the city-hall.

"P. S. 16th, 10 o'clock, A. M. The general juſt gone to Schenactady, on his way to Johnſtown, accompanied by numbers, of them many good ſoldiers, &c. Succeſs attend them."

Extract of a letter from Cambridge, *Jan.* 18.

"From Newbury-Port we learn, that they have lately taken a ſhip from London, laden with coals, porter, and cheeſe, and a brig from Ireland, with beef, pork, and butter, deſigned for the miniſterial army in Boſton, and were in chaſe of three more ſhips in Ipſwich bay.

"We have the account of the Newfoundland ſtorm confirmed from Boſton, this day; 150,000l. damage by their own account, and one ſloop of war, the Placentia.

PHILADELPHIA, *January* 25.

THE laſt letters from Canada bring an account of an unſucceſsful attempt made to gain poſſeſſion of Quebeck by ſtorm, on the 31ſt of December laſt, between the hours of 2 and 5 in the morning.

The general, finding his cannon too light to effect a breach, and that the enemy would not hearken to terms of capitulation, formed a deſign of carrying the town by eſcalade. In this he was encouraged by the extenſiveneſs of the works, and the weakneſs of the garriſon. When every thing was prepared, while he was waiting the opportunity of a ſnow ſtorm to carry his deſign into execution, ſeveral of his men deſerted to the enemy. His plan at firſt was to have attacked the upper and lower town at the ſame time, depending principally for ſucceſs againſt the upper town; but diſcovering, from the motion of the enemy, that they were appriſed of his deſign, he altered his plan, and, having divided his ſmall army into four detachments, ordered two feints to be made againſt the upper town, one by col. Livingſtone at the head of the Canadians, againſt St. John's Gate, the other by capt. Brown, at the head of a ſmall detachment, againſt Cape Diamond, reſerving to himſelf and col. Arnold the two principal attacks againſt the lower town.

At 5 o'clock, the hour appointed for the attack, the general, at the head of the New York troops, advanced againſt the lower town at Aunce de Mere. Being obliged to take a circuit, the ſignal for the attack was given, and the garriſon alarmed before he reached the place. However, preſſing on, he paſſed the firſt barrier, and was juſt opening to attempt the ſecond, when, by the firſt fire from the enemy, he was unfortunately killed, together with his aid-de-camp capt. John M'Pherſon, capt. Cheeſman, and two or three more. This ſo diſpirited the men that col. Campbell, on whom the command devolved, found himſelf under the diſagreeable neceſſity of drawing them off.

In the mean while, col. Arnold, at the head of about 350 of thoſe brave troops who, with unparallelled fatigue, had penetrated Canada under his command, and capt. Lamb's company of artillery, had paſſed through St. Roques, and approached near a two gun battery, picketted in, without being diſcovered. This he attacked, and, though it was well defended for about an hour, carried it with the loſs of a number of men. In this attack col. Arnold had the misfortune to have his leg ſplintered by a ſhot, and was obliged to be carried to the hoſpital. After gaining the battery, his detachment paſſed on to a ſecond barrier, which they took poſſeſſion of. By this time, the enemy, relieved from the other attacks, by our troops being drawn off, directed their whole force againſt this detachment; and a party, ſallying out from Palace gate, attacked them in the rear.

Theſe brave men ſuſtained the force of the whole garriſon for three hours; but finding themſelves hemmed in, and no hopes of relief, they were obliged to yield to numbers, and the advantageous ſituation the garriſon had over them.

No regular return is yet come to hand; but, by the advices received, we learn that our loſs in killed and wounded amounts to about 60, and 300 taken priſoners, who are treated very humanely.

Among the ſlain are capt. Hendricks and lieutenant Humphreys of the riflemen, and lieutenant Cooper.

After this unfortunate repulſe, the remainder of the army retired about eight miles from the city, where they have poſted themſelves advantageouſly, and are continuing the blockade, waiting for reinforcements, which are now on their march to join them.

Every poſſible mark of diſtinction was ſhewn to the corpſe of general Montgomery, who was interred in Quebeck on the 2d of January.

Publiſhed by order of Congreſs.

CHARLES THOMSON, ſecretary.

Extract of a letter from New York, *Jan.* 17.

"General Lee is coming here with a body of armed men. A gentleman of this city, who is juſt returned from Connecticut, tells me general Waſhington has wrote to governour Trumbull, informing him that a fleet has left Boſton; that he conjectures they are bound for New York;

given him their ſize and ſtrength, as nearly as he could; informed him that general Lee was coming along with 90 riflemen, and deſired he would order a number of men to be immediately raiſed, to come with them to this city? That, in conſequence thereof, governour Trumbull had aſſembled the committee of ſafety, and they adviſed him to iſſue his warrant, ordering two regiments to be raiſed (about 1500 in both) to be commanded by cols. Waterbury and Ward, under the direction of general Lee, and to come to this city. Another gentleman, who is juſt come from camp, told me that general Lee was to bring with him an engineer, and artillery men.

"18th. The Jerſey lads are gone to Horn's Hook, from whence they have croſſed, or are to croſs, as I am informed, to Long Iſland, and pay Queen's county a viſit. The eaſtern poſt told me he left general Lee at Hartford on Monday.

"19th. At 11 o'clock this morning, a ſecond detachment (about 300 Jerſeymen) went to Long Iſland; it is ſaid the former one conſiſted of 4 or 500."

BALTIMORE, *Jan.* 31.

BY a gentleman who arrived here yeſterday from Philadelphia, we have the following agreeable intelligence, viz. That at Chriſtiana bridge he met with the captain of a veſſel, juſt arrived in the river Delaware from London, who informed him that he brought Engliſh newſpapers to the 17th of November, in which are contained a number of intereſting articles, amongſt which was the following: "That the minority in parliament is "growing ſtronger every day, in favour "of America; and that it was determined "upon to ſend ambaſſadours over immediately to treat with the Congreſs, on "terms of an accommodation."

WILLIAMSBURG, *Feb.* 9.

BY advices from the army under col. Howe, we learn that they abandoned Norfolk laſt Tueſday, after removing the poor inhabitants, with what effects they could carry along with them, and demoliſhing the intrenchments which lord Dunmore threw up a little before he fled on board the fleet now lying before that place. What few houſes remained after the late bombardment were likewiſe deſtroyed, after being valued, to prevent our enemies taking ſhelter in them. Thus, in the courſe of five weeks, has a town which contained upwards of 6000 inhabitants, many of them in affluent circumſtances, a place that carried on an extenſive trade and commerce, conſequently affording bread to many thouſands, been reduced to aſhes, and become deſolate, through the wicked and cruel machinations of lord North and the junto, aided by their *faithful ſervants*, my lord Dunmore with his motley army, and the *renowned* capt. Bellew, commodore of his Britannick majeſty's fleet in Virginia, and his *generous* and *valiant crew*. Truly may it be now ſaid,

Never can true reconcilement grow
Where wounds of deadly hate have pierc'd ſo deep.

The troops are now ſtationed at Kemp's landing, the Great Bridge, and in and about Suffolk.

The cannonading heard laſt Thurſday fe'nnight, at Norfolk, was occaſioned by a detachment of our troops, under major Eppes, attacking a number of black-and-white people from the men of war, who had landed to ſteal tobacco. Major Eppes drove them back, after killing four negroes, and two white men, upon which the ſhips began to fire.---We hear lord Dunmore and his friends are exceedingly uneaſy, and a good deal frightened, upon hearing that the continental fleet is deſigned againſt them; and indeed they have very good reaſon, for, as ſure as a rifle (and that, they will know, is pretty true) commodore Hopkins will pay them a viſit ſo ſoon as he is joined by the Maryland ſquadron.

A correſpondent in Albemarle informs us, that mr. Edward Johnſon of that county has had by his wife five children, who were all born within the ſpace of 18 months, and are very healthy and thriving---At this rate! we ſhall quickly become a numerous and flouriſhing people.

Laſt Thurſday the following gentlemen were choſen officers of the two companies of regulars to be raiſed in this diſtrict.---1ſt company, Thomas Nelſon, jun. captain; John Moſs, 1ſt lieutenant; Charles Pelham, 2d lieutenant; and Callohill Mennis, enſign.---2d company, Edmund Dickinſon, captain; Thomas Archer, jun. 1ſt lieutenant; John Quarles, 2d lieutenant; Thomas Herbert, enſign.

SATURDAY, *Feb.* 10. Col. Henry received the following letter laſt night, by expreſs, from Col. Grayſon at Hampton: "Yeſterday evening the Kingfiſher went "down towards the capes, and this "morning ſhe returned, in company with "a fifty gun ſhip and ſome tenders. "They are all now at anchor, juſt below "the light-houſe."

Laſt Thurſday night a great light was ſeen towards Portſmouth, which was ſuppoſed to be that town in flames.

Deaths.] MATTHEW DONOVAN, eſq; major of the 9th regiment. He was taken ill of a pleuriſy in Glouceſter county, and died in nine days. He was a gentleman of great abilities, of much integrity and benevolence, was a true friend to America, and no doubt would have made an excellent officer.

JOHN AYLETT, eſq; attorney at law, of New Kent county. He died of a pluriſy likewiſe, after a ſhort ſickneſs.

*** *Juſt publiſhed, the whole proceedings of the laſt* CONVENTION.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE *Committee of Safety wiſh to contract with proper perſons for ſupplying the troops with proviſions to be ſtationed between* York *river and* Rappahannock, *alſo one regiment to be ſtationed in the lower part of the* Northern Neck, *for one year. Any perſons willing to enter into ſuch a contract are deſired to communicate their propoſals as ſoon as poſſible, either perſonally to the Committee, or by letter to the Preſident.*

JOHN PENDLETON, jun. clerk.
February 9, 1776.

TAPPAHANOCK, *Feb.* 2, 1776.

JUST arrived from *Antigua*, and will ſail for that iſland about the 20th inſtant, the brigantine COMMERCE, *John Robinſon* maſter; ſhe will go in ballaſt, and has good accommodations for paſſengers. For paſſage apply to the maſter on board, or to

ARCHIBALD RITCHIE.

BLANDFORD, *Jan.* 26, 1776.

To be SOLD at Blandford, *on* Friday *the firſt of* March *next, to the higheſt bidder,*

ELEVEN valuable NEGRO FELLOWS, among whom is a very good ſhip carpenter; alſo two ſchooner FLATS, one 85 the other 70 hhds. burthen, with their boats; and two ſmaller FLATS, buthen 35 and 32 hhds. Six months credit will be allowed, the purchaſers giving bond with approved ſecurity to

THOMAS CRAWFORD.
JOSHUA POYTHRESS, jun.

FREDERICKSBURG, *Jan.* 29, 1776.

THE *partnerſhip of* Mercer *&* Julian *diſſolves on the firſt day of* March *next. Thoſe who are indebted to us are requeſted to pay off their accounts, or ſettle them by bond.*

HUGH MERCER.
JOHN JULIAN.

I HAVE loſt (by what means I cannot diſcover) FIFTY SIX POUNDS, out of a large quantity of money very lately received from the treaſury office in ſheets, I can aſſert, with poſitiveneſs, that the bills below were part; and as it may lead to a diſcovery, and tend to do juſtice, I hope I may, without offence to any, beg that any perſon having theſe bills will be pleaſed to trace their progreſs, and communicate the reſult of their inquiries to mr. *James Mercer* of *Frederickſburg*, but generally (as a member of the Committee of Safety) in *Williamſburg*, or to their very humble ſervant,

JOHN HARVIE.

2 Bills £. 12 no. 142
14108 and 14109
2 - - £. 1 - - - - the ſame numbers.
2 - - £. 8 - - 155
15401 and 15402
2 - - £. 1 - - - - the ſame numbers.

All on paper called the *James* river bank.

To be SOLD on Wedneſday *the 28th of* February, *if fair, otherwiſe next fair day, (the ſale to continue until all is ſold) at the dwelling-houſe of the late* Martha Barrett, *deceaſed,*

ALL the perſonal eſtate, conſiſting of cattle, ſheep, hogs, and horſes, houſehold and kitchen furniture, the crop of corn, wheat, fodder, and plantation utenſils. Credit will be allowed for all ſums above 40s. until the firſt day of *November* next, the purchaſers giving bond and approved ſecurity to

THOMAS BARRETT.

N. B. If the bonds are not diſcharged when due, to carry intereſt from the date.

AYLETT's, *Feb.* 8, 1776.

I INTEND to leave the colony immediately. JOHN M'TAGGART.

AYLETT's, *Feb.* 8, 1776.

I INTEND to leave the colony immediately. THOMAS KERR.

NORFOLK, *Feb.* 1, 1776.

I INTEND to leave the colony for a few months.

ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL.

CULPEPER, *Jan.* 21, 1776.

I INTEND to leave the colony immediately.

ROBERT BOYD.

FALMOUTH, *Jan.* 31, 1776.

THE ſubſcriber intending to leave the colony early in the ſpring, and being deſirous to have every account upon his books properly adjuſted before that time, earneſtly entreats all perſons who have had dealings with him, or his predeceſſors, on account of meſſ. *Bogle*, *Somervell*, and co. merchants in *Glaſgow*, at their ſtore in this place, to come and ſettle them as ſoon as poſſible, that no diſpute may hereafter ariſe, GEORGE HAMILTON.

DUMFRIES, *Jan.* 29, 1776.

I INTEND ſoon to leave the colony.

JOHN RIDDILL.

AYLETT's warehouſe, *Jan.* 25, 1776.

FOR *ſale, on eaſy terms, about* 600*l. ſterling worth of* European *goods. Application may be made to* Archibald Govan *in* Hanover *town, or to*

JAMES GOVAN.

COMMITTED to the publick jail in *Williamſburg*, a certain *Walter Clarke*, an *Iriſhman*, ſuppoſed to be a ſervant of mr. *John Campbell*, merchant, near *New London*, in *Bedford*. He is about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, about 21 years of age, has black hair, and is a pert forward fellow. The owner is deſired to apply for him within one month from this date, and pay charges, or he will be diſcharged.

PETER PELHAM, jailer.

WILLIAMSBURG, *Feb.* 1, 1776.

THE *subscriber has a large assortment of* EUROPEAN GOODS, *which he will dispose of on reasonable terms, for* cash *only.* GEORGE REID.

*** *I have three large* SEINES, *which I will sell cheap, for cash.*

WILLIAMSBURG, *Feb.* 2, 1776.

THE *subscriber intends moving up to* Fredericksburg, *where he will carry on the stocking making business to a greater extent than formerly. He will be much obliged to those who please to favour him with their work, and makes no doubt but what work he does will meet with the approbation of the publick, for which he will expect* ready money.

ADAM ALLAN.

FREDERICKSBURG, *Jan.* 24, 1776.

THE *commissioners of the GUN MANUFACTORY want a considerable quantity of BRASS, for mountings. Any* old brass *(not mixed with bell metal) will do. Mr.* Robert Nicolson *of* Williamsburg *will receive, and pay for, any quantity that may be delivered there; and the commissioners beg the attention of other gentlemen to this necessary article. The cash will be paid, on notice, by*

(4) *The COMMISSIONERS.*

To be SOLD at the late dwelling-house of capt. *Robert Billups*, deceased, in *Gloucester* county, on *Tuesday* the 13th of *February*, if fair, otherwise the first fair day after,

A *SCHOONER now upon the stocks, burthen about 45 tuns, also a SLOOP about 30 tuns, with rigging, &c. also two BOATS, the one burthen* 1100 *bushels, the other 500; a FLAT and small BOAT, also a good PETTIAUGER with four oars; together with household and kitchen FURNITURE, STOCKS of every kind, and several valuable* NEGROES. *Twelve months credit will be given for all sums above* 20*s. upon bond and security; if not punctually paid, to carry interest from the time of the sale.—It being intended to settle the said estate as soon as possible, and deliver to the widow and children their proportions of what remains after satisfying the creditors, it is therefore desired that those who have demands against the estate, either by bonds or otherwise, will bring them in to mrs.* Billups, *either before or at the day of sale, properly proved. No attention will be paid after, to those who fail, by the administrators, as the estate will be delivered up to the heirs. All who are indebted to the said* Billups *are desired to make payment immediately, or give bond.*

MECKLENBURG county, *Jan.* 1776.

THE subscriber, from long experience, being fully convinced that the trusting plantations and slaves to the management of a set of people calling themselves *overseers*, will never produce any thing but ruin and destruction, is therefore determined to draw the management of what few slaves he possesses within the compass of his own personal abilities in looking over them, and, by this determination, has, and will have by next fall, between 20 and 30 very beautiful tenements, with a plantation to each, to rent out, either for a single year, or term of years, and can supply the tenants with corn, wheat, fodder, and stock of all kinds.

Any woman of good character, who understands house-keeping, teaching young children to read, girls the sempstress business, embroidering, *&c.* and comes well recommended, shall meet with very agreeable and satisfactory encouragement by applying to

(tf) MATTHEW MARABLE.

WARWICK, *Feb.* 1, 1776.

I INTEND to leave the colony immediately. JAMES FARLIE

URBANNA, *Jan.* 25, 1776.

THE subscriber having removed from *Capahosick* ferry, begs leave to return his most grateful thanks to all gentlemen and others for their favours while he lived at that place; and, being now settled in the house in this town formerly occupied by mr. *Hugh Walker*, he hopes for a continuance of their favours, and shall do every thing in his power to merit them. THOMAS HARWOOD.

TUCKAHO, *Jan.* 29, 1776.

GOOD encouragement will be given to a WEAVER, that understands his business well, by applying to the subscriber, living in *Goochland* county.

THOMAS M. RANDOLPH.

OSBORNE'S, *Jan.* 31, 1776.

I INTEND to leave the colony soon.

JOHN MACKIE.

RUN *away from* Newcastle, *the first day of this month, three negro men, and a lad. They belong to mrs.* Wallace *near* Hampton, *and were hired by me. They are clad chiefly in* Virginia *cloth, are black negroes, pretty likely, one excepted, who is very knock-kneed. Whoever will apprehend the said slaves shall have* 20*s. for each I receive.* JOHN SYME.

Feb. 3, 1776.

STRAYED or STOLEN from *Hampton*, some time in *November* last, a sorrel horse about 14 hands and a half high, with a roached mane and bob tail, has a blaze face, trots and gallops remarkably well, but no brand perceivable. A reward of 10*s.* will be given to the person who delivers the said horse to me, in *Williamsburg.* JANE VOBE.

COMMITTED to *Northumberland* jail, the 31st of *November* last, a white man who says his name is *BENJAMIN HAWKINS*, and that he came into this country in the year 1767, and served his time with mr. *Harpiron* of *Dunmore* county. He is a native of *England*, about 5 feet 10 inches high, has a down look, thin visage, and dark hair; he is clothed in a lead-coloured coat of the country manufactory, a blue jacket, buckskin breeches, old coarse hat, and shoes and stockings. The owner is desired to pay charges, and take him away. The JAILER.

TAKEN up on Ward's *fork, in Charlotte, a BLACK STEER about* 3 *years old, marked with a slit in the right ear, and swallow-fork and under-keel in the left; also a PIED COW and her CALF, marked with an under and over-keel in the right ear, and a smooth crop in the left. Posted and appraised, the cow and calf to* 45*s. and the steer to* 40*s.* JOHN JONES.

TAKEN up on *Goldmine* creek, in *Louisa*, a BAY HORSE about 4 feet 5 inches high, has a small star in his forehead, some saddle spots, a few white hairs in his upper lip, trots, had a bell on tied with a stirrup leather, and branded on the near buttock P. Posted, and appraised to 6*l.*

WILLIAM WHITE.

TAKEN up in *York* county, a white fleabitten horse about 14 hands high, with white face and eyes, his body whiter than his other parts, his hoofs white, his mane, which is thin, hangs on the off side, he has a short broom tail, paces naturally, was shod before, and is branded, but the brand cannot be made out. Posted, and appraised to 50*s.*

FLEMING BATES.

JANUARY 26, 1776.

SUCH *persons as have SERVICEABLE GUNS to sell may find a purchaser by applying to* P. HENRY, *jun.*

JANUARY 25, 1776.

THE subscriber, who lately lived at *Burwell's* ferry, has now removed to mr. *Thomas Doncastle's*, upon the main road from *Williamsburg*, which he shall spare no pains to render an agreeable stage to all gentlemen who please to favour him with their company. He has purchased the place of mr. *Doncastle*, and will always be furnished with the best liquors and provisions that can be had, as well as all sorts of provender for horses.

THOMAS CARTWRIGHT.

ARCHIBALD DIDDEP, TAILOR,

WILLIAMSBURG,

RETURNS *his employers in general, and his* old customers *in particular, the most cordial thanks for past services, and shall always be ready to execute any command which they may hereafter intrust him with. As his family is extensive, journeymens wages very high, and his creditors exceedingly solicitous for their due, he hopes those whose accounts have been long standing will not take it amiss should he earnestly entreat them to make immediate payment; and those for whom he shall in future do business, it is expected, will not hesitate to tender down* the cash *so soon as their work is done. Ladies riding habits are still made by him, on the shortest notice. He remains the publick's most obedient humble servant,*

FRANCIS STREET, *January* 25, 1776.

To be HIRED,

A *VALUABLE negro BLACKSMITH. Inquire of mr.* Starkey Robinson, *at the* Halfway House, *or of*

AUGUSTINE MOORE.

BRISTOL RUGS.

THE subscribers have for sale a parcel of very good coloured and spotted RUGS.

Michael & John Wallace & co.

NANSEMOND, *Jan.* 20, 1776.

DOCTOR *William Brown*, of the 2d regiment, on his way to join his corps, lent his horse at *Suffolk* to a young man who was returning to this place, and desired he would leave him in the care of his servant. The doctor desired me to make inquiry about the horse, and gave me the name of the person to whom he was lent; but I have forgot it. I therefore take this method, on the part of doctor *Brown*, to request of the said person that he make known to col. *Thomas Bullitt*, in this city, or doctor *Brown* himself, what has been done with said horse.

T. BLACKBURN.

WILLIAMSBURG, *Jan.* 20, 1776.

To be SOLD under a power of attorney from Mr. John Baylor,

ABOUT 1000 acres of land in the county of *Orange*, to be laid off on the upper part of a tract whereon *John Hawkins* lives. The land in general is very good, and contains a considerable quantity of valuable low ground. The terms may be known by applying to mr. *James Newman*, near the premises, or to the subscriber, in the county of *Caroline*. (tf)

EDMUND PENDLETON, jun.

N. B. I am also empowered to receive and pay mr. *Baylor's* debts, but I am apprehensive it will not be in my power to do either, and therefore hope his creditors will not be impatient or uneasy.

ARTICLES of Intelligence, Essays, Advertisements, *&c.* are thankfully received for this Paper, the Price of which is 12*s.* 6*d.* per Annum; Advertisements inserted as usual. PRINTING WORK done with Care and Expedition, and on reasonable Terms.